1) 

| Roman Numeral | Number | Words |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LXX | 70 | seventy |
| IX | 9 | nine |
| XI | 11 | eleven |
| XXXIV | 34 | thirty-four |
| There is no representation <br> for zero in Roman numerals. | 0 | zero |

2) 

$\mathrm{X}=10$
$\mathrm{~V}=5$
$\mathrm{C}=100$
$\mathrm{~L}=50$
$\mathrm{IV}=4$
$\mathrm{XCIX}=99$

$\mathrm{XL}=40$$|$| $\mathrm{LXXX}=80$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathrm{XIII}=13$ |
| $\mathrm{XLIV}=44$ |
| $\mathrm{LXXV}=75$ |
| $\mathrm{XXXVI}=36$ |
| $\mathrm{XXIX}=29$ |
| $\mathrm{XC}=90$ |


| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

3) 

| 6 | 7 | VIII | XI | 10 | XI | XII |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $C$ XC LXXX LXX LX L XL |  |  |  |  |  |  | | C |
| :--- |


b)

Accept any explanation where children worked systematically and any explanation where children explain their reasoning. Here is an example answer:
If a number has three tens, I know that I will need too many sticks. This is because I need two sticks to make one $X$ to show ten - so I would need at least six sticks to make three tens.
1)

| Incorrect Roman Numeral | Explain the Mistake | Correct Roman Numeral |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| vxVII | The numerals show 5, 10 and 7 instead of 57. 50 should be represented with the letter $L$ in Roman numerals. | LVII |
| Lxı | XI has been written instead of IX. This means that 71 has been written instead of 69 . | LIX |
| LXIV | IV has been written instead of VI. This means that 64 has been written instead of 66. | LXVI |
| LxxxV1 | The number 86 has been written instead of 87 . <br> Another 1 is missing from the end of the number. | LXXXVVII |

2) 

| LVI |  |  | LIX |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LXVII | LXVIII |  |  |
|  | LXXVII | LXXVIII |  |  |
| LXXXVI |  |  |  |  |

3) 

Magnus has used more than three of the same symbol in a row. 90 is calculated as $100-10=90$ so is represented as XC (ten less than 100). 4 is calculated as $5-1=4$ and represented as IV (one less than five). The correct answer is XCIV.

