

## Year 5 Maths Medium Term Plan 2021

	Week 1 6 <sup>th</sup> Sept	Week 2 13 <sup>th</sup> Sept	Week 3 20 <sup>th</sup> Sept	Week 4 27 <sup>th</sup> Sept	Week 5 4 <sup>th</sup> Oct	Week 6 11 <sup>th</sup> Oct	Week 7 18 <sup>th</sup> Oct
Term 1	<p><b>Number and place value</b> To represent 6 digit numbers (to 1 000 000) (concrete- place value counters). To recognise the place value of each digit in a six digit number. To compare &amp; order numbers to at least 1 000 000 To understand decimals and fractions (Revising in Term 6) Recognise thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.</p>	<p><b>Addition and Subtraction</b> To add four digit numbers (regrouping in the 1000s, 100s, 10s and 1s) To identify common misconceptions in column addition To subtract four digit+ numbers (regrouping in the 1000s, 100s, 10s and 1s) To identify common misconceptions in column subtraction</p>	<p><b>Multiplication &amp; division</b> Divide whole numbers by 10,100 and 1000 Divide decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 To divide by powers of 10 (in scale drawings). To divide by powers of 1000 (in converting between units such as km and m) To multiply whole numbers&amp; decimals by 10, 100, 1000</p>	<p><b>Multiplication and division</b> To solve problems involving multiplication. To multiply numbers up to four digits by a one digit number To multiply numbers up to four digits by a two digit number Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number (with remainders)</p>	<p><b>4 operations</b> To solve multistep word problems using the bar model. Solve problems involving number up to three decimal places. To find the missing value.</p>	<p><b>Measure – Time</b> To solve problems involving converting units of time</p>	<p><b>Measure – Time</b> To solve problems involving converting units of time</p>
Term 2	<p><b>1<sup>st</sup> Nov</b> <b>Fractions, decimals and percentages.</b> To identify equivalent fractions (including tenths and hundredths) To compare and order fractions (whose denominators are multiples of the same number)</p>	<p><b>8<sup>th</sup> Nov</b> <b>Fractions, decimals and percentages.</b> To calculate fractions of numbers and quantities. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions.</p>	<p><b>15<sup>th</sup> Nov</b> <b>Geometry-properties of shape</b> To identify 2D shapes.  To identify 3-D shapes from 2-D representations (including cubes and other cuboids).  To sort regular and irregular polygons.  To estimate and compare angles. (obtuse, acute, reflect, right angle)</p>	<p><b>22<sup>nd</sup> Nov</b> <b>Measurement-length and mass</b> To convert between different units of metric measure. To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes.  To calculate and compare the area of rectangles. (cm<sup>2</sup> and m<sup>2</sup>)  To estimate the area of irregular shape.</p>	<p><b>29<sup>th</sup> Nov</b> <b>Measurement-volume and capacity</b> To estimate and measure capacity. To estimate volume.</p>	<p><b>6<sup>th</sup> Dec</b> <b>4 operations volume, capacity, length and mass.</b> To solve multistep word problems using the bar model.  To find the missing value.  To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure.  To solve missing measure questions when presented algebraically.</p>	<p><b>12<sup>th</sup> Dec</b> <b>Statistics</b> To solve comparison problems using information in a line graph.  To solve sum problems using information in a line graph.  To solve difference problems using information in a line graph.</p>
Term 3	<p><b>5<sup>th</sup> Jan (3 days)</b> <b>Number and place value</b> To recognise and describe linear number sequences.</p>	<p><b>10<sup>th</sup> Jan</b> <b>Number and place value</b> To round off numbers to the nearest 10.</p>	<p><b>17<sup>th</sup> Jan</b> <b>Multiplication and division</b> To know prime numbers, prime factors and composite numbers.</p>	<p><b>24<sup>th</sup> Jan</b> <b>Fractions, decimals and percentages.</b> To add and subtract fractions with the same denominator (see year 4)</p>	<p><b>31<sup>st</sup> Jan</b> <b>Fractions, decimals and percentages.</b> To convert mixed numbers to improper fractions (and back)</p>	<p><b>7<sup>th</sup> Feb</b> <b>Fractions, decimals and percentages.</b> To multiply fraction and mixed numbers by</p>	

	<p><u>To find the term-to-term rule</u> To interpret negative numbers. Counting forward and backward.</p> <p>To round numbers to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 (To round appropriately in context see division strand)</p>	<p>To round off numbers to the nearest 100.</p> <p>To round decimals with 2d.p to the nearest whole number. Or to one decimal place.</p> <p><b>Addition and subtraction</b></p> <p>To subtract decimals up to 2 decimal places.</p> <p>To subtract money using the column method To add decimals up to 2 decimal places To add money using the column method To use part, part whole to add money (will review in term 4, week 1)</p>	<p>To recognise and use squared and cubed numbers</p> <p>To identify common factors of two numbers.</p> <p>To use number bonds for factor and products and to identify missing factors (using fractions and decimals)</p>	<p>To add and subtract fractions with denominators that are multiples of the same number.</p>	<p><b>Measurement length and mass</b></p> <p>To use multiplication and division to inter scale and calculate changing rates.</p>	<p>a whole number. (use diagrams to support)</p>
Term 4	<p><b>21st Feb (4 days)</b> <b>Measure-money</b> <u>To use part, part whole to add money</u></p>	<p><b>28th Feb</b></p> <p><b>Four operations</b> To solve multistep word problems using the bar model. To find the missing value.</p>	<p><b>7th March</b> <b>Measurement time</b> To solve problems involving converting units of time</p>	<p><b>14th March</b> <b>Geometry –position and direction</b> To reflect the position of a shape To reflect the position of a shape in all four quadrants (extension) To translate the position of a shape To translate the position of a shape in all four quadrants (extension)</p>	<p><b>21st March</b> <b>Geometry –properties of shape.</b> To draw given angles and measure them in degrees. (using a protractor) To identify angles at a point and one whole turn. To identify angles at a point on a straight line. To identify missing lengths and angles. (using angle sum facts)</p>	<p><b>28th March</b> <b>Multiplication of division</b> Reviewing skills of: To multiply numbers up to four digits by a one digit number To multiply numbers up to four digits by a two digit number Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one digit number (with remainders)</p>
Term 5	<p><b>19th April (4 days)</b></p> <p><b>Number and place value</b> <u>To count in steps of powers of 10 up to 1 000 000</u> <u>Read Roman numerals (See progression year 4)</u> <u>To solve problem including all of the above.</u></p>	<p><b>25th April</b></p> <p><b>Addition and subtraction</b> To subtract measures using the column method.</p> <p>To add measures using the column method.</p> <p>To solve multistep word problems using the bar model.</p> <p>To add and subtract decimals</p>	<p><b>2nd May (4days)</b></p> <p><b>Multiplication and division</b> To understand the law of distributivity To use the distributive property strategy to divide ‘friendly’ numbers. To interpret remainders appropriately for the context (rounding up or down- see year 6 exemplification) To interpret non-integer answers to division by</p>	<p><b>9th May</b></p> <p><b>Fractions, decimals and percentages</b> Recognise thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents. Read and write decimal numbers as fractions.</p>	<p><b>16th May</b></p> <p><b>Fractions, decimals and percentages</b> To know that a percent means out of 100 &amp; percent symbol. Write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100. Write percentages as a decimal. Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalence of <math>\frac{1}{2}</math>, <math>\frac{1}{4}</math>, <math>\frac{2}{5}</math>, <math>\frac{4}{5}</math> and those</p>	<p><b>23rd May</b></p> <p><b>Statistics</b> To complete, read and interpret information in tables (including time tables)</p> <p>To make links with coordinates To choose the appropriate representations of data.</p>

			expressing results in different ways		fractions with a denominator of 10 or 25. To convert fractions to percentages		
Term 6	<p>7<sup>th</sup> June (4 days)  <i>Geometry-position and direction</i>            To use a 2-D grid and coordinates in the first quadrant</p> <p>To use a 2-D grid and coordinates in all four quadrants. (extension)</p> <p>Revision of translation.</p>	<p>13<sup>th</sup> June  <i>Geometry properties of shape</i>            To draw lines to the nearest mm.            To label parallel lines and right angles.</p> <p>To identify and use diagonal and parallel lines.</p> <p>Use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles.</p>	<p>20<sup>th</sup> June  <i>Measurement-volume and capacity</i>            To measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes</p>	<p>27<sup>th</sup> June  <i>Measurement length and mass</i>            To use approximate equivalences between metric and imperial units.</p> <p>To use multiplication and division to inter scale and calculate changing rates.</p> <p>Review metric measures.</p>	<p>4<sup>th</sup> July  <i>Measurement-money</i>            To solve problems involving money using the four operations.</p>	<p>11<sup>th</sup> July  <i>Four operations (measurement)</i>            To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling.</p>	<p>18<sup>th</sup> July  <i>Four operations (measurement)</i>            To use all four operations to solve problems involving measure (for example, length, mass, volume, money) using decimal notation, including scaling.</p>

Throughout (and when children are ready): To use the bar model to represent word problems, Problem solving (4 types)